

Lecture 23: Thurston norm and foliations.

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Last time: M^3 clsd orient irred. For $c \in H_2(M; \mathbb{Z})$ set $\|c\|_{Th} = \min \left\{ -\chi(S) \mid S \text{ a nice surface (no comp is } 0 \text{ in } H_2) \text{ that reps } c. \right\}$

A nice S is taut when $-\chi(S) = \|[S]\|_{Th}$.

Thm: Suppose F is a cpt leaf of a co-orient taut \mathcal{F} .

Then F is taut.

Can allow immersed!

Pf idea: Suppose S is a taut surface rep $[F]$.

As S is mcomp, can homotope S so transv to \mathcal{F} except at finitely many saddle tang. Two kinds dep on whether $T_p S$ and $T_p \mathcal{F}$ have the same orient. Set $I_p = \#$ orient agree, $I_n = \#$ disagree.

Recall $I_p + I_n = -\chi(S)$.

Lemma: If $e(T\mathcal{F}) \in H^2(M)$ is the Euler class

of $T\mathcal{F}$ then $e(T\mathcal{F})([S]) = e(T\mathcal{F}|_S)([S]) = I_n - I_p$.

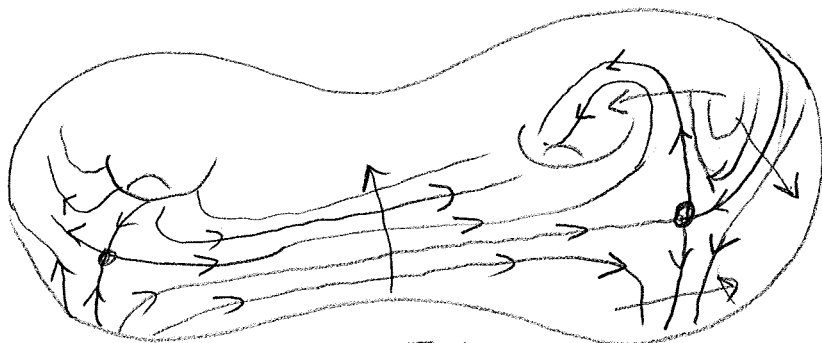
Pf: See either text

but in a picture:

\mathcal{F} -co-orient

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{F} \cap S$ -co-orient

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{F} \cap S$ orient. \Rightarrow gives section of $T\mathcal{F}|_S$ van. at tang.



Now

$$\begin{aligned} \| [S] \|_{Tn} &= -\chi(S) = I_p + I_n \geq I_p - I_n \\ &= -e(TF)([S]) = -e(TF)([F]) \\ &= -e(TF|_F = TF)([F]) = -\chi(F) \end{aligned}$$

No comp of F sep, since each is meet by an orient clsd trans. So F is also taut. \square

Cor: For M_f , each $F \times \{pt\}$ is taut.

Saddles, ...

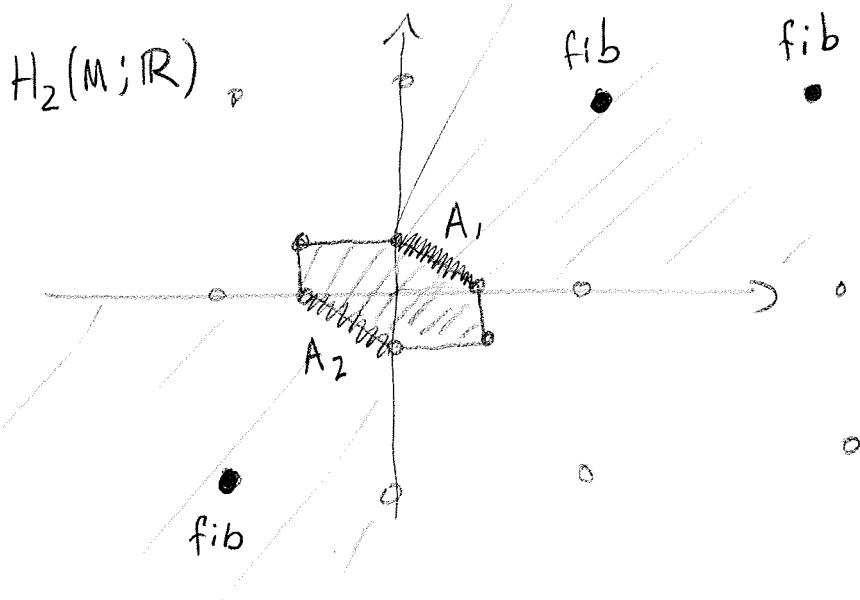
Thm: M atoroidal so $B_T = \{c \in H_2(M; \mathbb{R}) \mid \|c\|_{Tn} \leq 1\}$ is a finite rat'l polytope. There exist top dim'l faces $\{A_i\}$ of B_T such that

① $c \in H_2(M; \mathbb{Z})$ can be rep by a fiber in a fib over S^1
 $\iff c / \|c\|_{Tn}$ in some $\text{int}(A_i)$.

② $\phi \in H^1(M; \mathbb{R})$ can be rep by a nowhere vanishing 1-form $\iff c = PD(\phi)$ has $c / \|c\|_{Tn}$ in some $\text{int}(A_i)$

Cor: If $b_1 > 1$, then some $c \neq 0$ in $H_2(M; \mathbb{Z})$ cannot be rep by a fiber.

$H_2(M; \mathbb{R})$



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Notes: 1) If $p: M \rightarrow S'$ is a fib with fiber F then $PD(F)$ is rep by $p^*(d\theta)$ which is never 0.

2) The set of ϕ rep by nowhere 0 forms is open.

3) If $\phi \in H^1(M; \mathbb{Z})$ rep by nowhere 0 ω , then int. ω gives a fib $p: M \rightarrow S'$.

[Gabai] If F is taut, \exists a co-orient \mathcal{F} with F as a leaf.

Cor: Suppose $F \subseteq M$ is taut. If $\tilde{M} \xrightarrow{p} M$ is a finite cover and \tilde{F} a component of $p^{-1}(F)$, then \tilde{F} is taut.

Pf: Let \mathcal{F} be taut with F as a leaf.

Then $p^{-1}(\mathcal{F})$ is taut (why?) and has \tilde{F} as a leaf.

[Won't be able to say anything about the proof of Gabai's thm. in time remaining...]

Story time: M^3 cldd irred ator. If $H_2(M; \mathbb{Z}) \neq 0$

then $|\pi_1 M| = \infty$ since $c \neq 0$ can be rep by an incomp surface where every comp has genus ≥ 2 . So

M is hyp, metric is unique. [What about geom

complex of c ?] Mot, by $\langle \alpha, \beta \rangle = \int_M \alpha \wedge \beta$, on $H^1(M; \mathbb{R})$ set

$$\| \phi \|_{L^2}^2 = \inf \left\{ \int_M | \alpha |^2 \mid \alpha \text{ reps } \phi \right\} = \langle \omega, \omega \rangle \text{ where } \Delta \omega = 0.$$

By P.D., have $\| \cdot \|_{Th}$ on $H^1(M; \mathbb{R})$ as well.

[Bergeron-Sengün-Venkatesh; Brock-D 2017]

$$\frac{\pi}{\sqrt{\text{Vol}(M)}} \| \phi \|_{Th} \leq \| \phi \|_{L^2} \leq \frac{10\pi}{\sqrt{\text{inj}(M)}} \| \phi \|_{Th}$$

where $\text{inj}(M) = \frac{1}{2} \min(\text{len}(\text{closed geod}))$.

[If time remains, do least area norm.]